Puzzle#1

Worked examples and shortcuts: yyGrams.com

Each yyGram (A, B, ...) appears under just those names-for-yang lists ({...}) that make it luck out , yang, and is absent under those lists for which it lucks out invisible, yin.

Only inside-outside matters; line-up is unimportant. For instance, $_{c}^{k}$ $_{m}^{m}$ $_{g}$ $_{p}$ $_{g}$ $_{m}^{m}$ $_{s}^{m}$ $_{s}$ $_{p}$.

Notice, for yang, "Both r and g or neither."
Guess را على المرابعة والمرابعة المرابعة المراب

رٹر<u>طی</u> ر عی | list {} =ردی ی, subst =ردی ی, fu luck =ی, zang luck. Agrees.

رడ్పర్స్ డ్ g, | list {r,g} =్డులుల్పు డుల్ప, subst =్డలుల్పు డ్రు, fu luck =్ర, zang 3 times. Agrees.

رتر<u>ع</u>ی رr عی | list {g} --similar to list {r} demo. ■ ු zang luck ු , fu luck

Two-name yyGrams

{}	{ r }	{ g }	{r,g}
Α		Α	Α
	В	В	В
	С		С
S			S

Three-name yyGrams

Last week's answer:

No puzzle last week! This is the historic First Number. In celebration, here is this week's answer:

Final: ن.

Yin? Yang? Which is it?

We find a yyGram made of those above. How does it luck out on the list shown after | ?

 $C_{S}B_{S}ED_{S}AD_{S}FC|\{r,s\}=?$